



## POST DISASTER NEEDS ASSESSMENT

International Recovery Platform

### The Mobilization of the PDNA

**Common elements** that lead to a PDNA:

- **Government request** for assistance in assessing the impact of a natural disaster and the development of a Recovery Framework
- **Inter-agency commitment** at national and global level, formalized in the “**Tripartite Statement on Post-Crisis Assessment and Recovery Planning**”, signed in **October 2008** by UN, EC and WB
- **Identification of local and international experts** for assessment teams



### Maximizing Partnership

**Common elements** that ensure **participation and coordination**:

- **Government leadership** from start to finish
- Commitment of **United Nations RC/HC, World Bank Country Director and EU Delegate/Ambassador**
- Participation of **civil society organizations** and other **key stakeholders**
- A PDNA **management structure** that includes a **steering committee** (strategic direction) and a **secretariat** (day-to-day management) that is **chaired by the Government** with participation of UN, World Bank and European Union

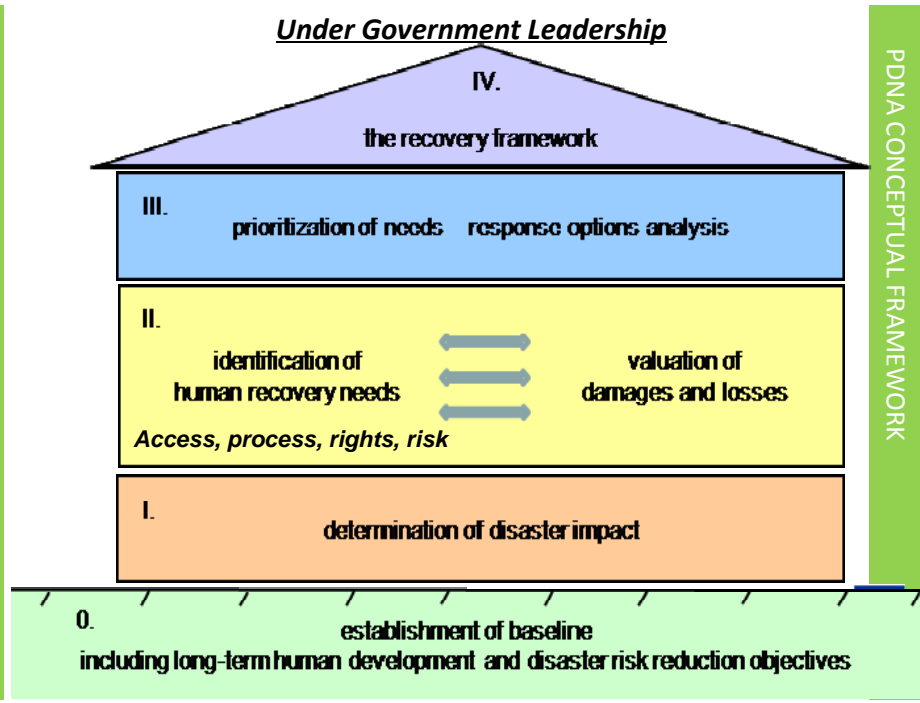


### Assessment and Analysis

**Common elements** that ensure **quality output**:

- **Training** of Government and agency staff in the methodology
- A **Standardized methodology** for estimating physical **Damage**, economic **Losses** (DaLA) & impact on: **Access, Process, Rights & Risk** (HRNA)
- Aggregate estimates of impact: **Macro-Economy and Human Development, MDGs**
- **Sector team composition** that includes **government and other experts**
- **Access to baseline information** and preliminary assessment reports
- **Sector team members' participation** during the assessment and analysis
- A **dedicated team of writers and editors** to finalize the report
- A **prioritized and staged** multi-sectoral Recovery Framework





## Ensuring Resilient Recovery

Common elements that ensure the **recovery is disaster proofed**:

- Including **DRR expertise (and Climate Change Adaptation)** in the assessment **team**
- Providing **guidance on DRR to sector teams**
- Making sure the combined needs assessment is disaster proofed
- Dedicating a **separate chapter** to disaster risk management in the PDNA report



## PDNA as building block

Common elements that ensure **follow up to the PDNA**:

- **Presentation of findings to Government**, in-country **donor community**
- Strategies to mobilize interest and resources
- Further dissemination of PDNA and its findings
- Provide follow up on specific findings and recommendations (recovery financing, technical studies, institutional strengthening, etc.)
- Continue to work jointly towards implementation of the **Recovery Framework**



## How to be ready

Common elements that ensure **successful application of PDNA**:

- Work with a **dedicated PDNA manager** appointed by the **Government**
- Ensure **Standby financing** to be able to mobilize a PDNA timely
- Constitution of a **virtual roster of experts**
- Apply a **consistent assessment methodology**; adapt global methodologies to suit country needs
- **Full-time participation of assessment team** members from start to finish
- Engage in **meaningful consultations** with affected populations and other key stakeholders
- Use PDNA as **building block to formulate the Recovery Framework** and strengthen disaster risk management



Home > PDNA

- [PDNA](#)
- [About the PDNA](#)
- [PDNA guide](#)
- [PDNA cooperation protocol](#)
- [Meetings and events](#)
- [Resources and tools](#)
- [Training](#)
- [Templates](#)
- [Community of practice](#)
- [Key documents](#)
- [PDNA Working Groups](#)
- [User Manual for Workspace](#)

## Post-Disaster Needs Assessment

A Post-Disaster Needs Assessment and Recovery Framework (PDNA/RF) together comprise an approach to harmonize the assessment, analysis and prioritization of damages, losses and needs by a range of stakeholders (United Nations agencies and programmes, the World Bank, donors, non-governmental organizations) in support of the national government.

A PDNA is a government-led exercise, with integrated support from the United Nations, the European Commission, the World Bank and other national and international actors. A PDNA pulls together information into a single, consolidated report, information on the physical impacts of a disaster, the economic value of the damages and losses, the human impacts as experienced by the affected population, and the resulting early and long-term recovery needs and priorities.

 [Share/Bookmark](#)

### Other PDNA Content

- [Related Links](#)
- [FAQ](#)
- [Contact](#)

### Workspaces in progress

-  [Culture](#)
-  [Indonesia National PDNA](#)
-  [Benin](#)
-  [Housing, Land, Property and Human Settlements](#)
-  [Education](#)
-  [Health](#)
-  [Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene](#)
-  [Agriculture](#)
-  [Livelihoods, Employment and Income](#)
-  [Gender](#)
-  [Assessment Methodologies of affected populations](#)
-  [Transport and communications](#)
-  [Energy](#)
-  [Trade and industry](#)
-  [Tourism](#)
-  [Environment](#)
-  [Macroeconomic effects](#)
-  [Community Infrastructure](#)
-  [Governance](#)
-  [Disaster Risk Reduction](#)
-  [Use of Geospatial Information and Satellite Derived Products](#)
-  [Information Management](#)